=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:14:42 ON 02 AUG 2004)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:15:03 ON 02 AUG 2004

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L2 0 S L1 SSS SAM

L3 10 S L1 SSS FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS, USPATFULL, CAOLD' ENTERED AT 17:16:26 ON 02 AUG 2004

L4 65 S L3

L5 0 S L4 AND (BPH OR BENIGN(3A) PROSTA? (3A) HYPERPL?)

8828 S (BPH OR BENIGN(3A) PROSTA? (3A) HYPERPL?)

L7 0 S L4 AND L5

L8 0 S L4 AND L6

L9 0 S L4 AND PROSTA? (P) CARCINOM?

L10 7 S L4 AND PROSTA? AND (CARCINOM? OR CANCER? OR TUMOR?)

L11 7 DUP REM L10 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

FILE 'HCAPLUS, USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 17:23:38 ON 02 AUG 2004

L12 1 S L4 AND (TESTE? OR TESTICULAR?) AND (CANCER? OR TUMOUR? OR TUM

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 17:25:44 ON 02 AUG 2004

FILE 'HCAPLUS, USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 17:26:32 ON 02 AUG 2004

L13 0 S L4 AND HIRSUTI?

L14 1 S L4 AND (ATRESI? OR ANOVULAT? OR DYSMENORRH? OR ACNE OR BALD?

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 17:28:46 ON 02 AUG 2004

FILE 'HCAPLUS, USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 17:29:12 ON 02 AUG 2004

L15 2 S L4 AND ANDROGEN? AND (CARCINOM? OR CANCER? OR NEOPLAS? OR TUM

L16 2 DUP REM L15 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

L17 5 S L4 AND (ANDROGEN? OR TESTOSTER? OR LUTEINIZ?)

L18 5 DUP REM L17 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:29:12 ON 02 AUG 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 17:29:12 ON 02 AUG 2004 CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> s 14 and androgen? and (carcinom? or cancer? or neoplas? or tumor? or tumour?) 2 L4 AND ANDROGEN? AND (CARCINOM? OR CANCER? OR NEOPLAS? OR TUMOR? OR TUMOUR?)

=> dup rem 115

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L15

2 DUP REM L15 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 116 abs ibib kwic 1 2

L16 ANSWER 1 OF 2 USPATFULL on STN

The present invention relates to a methods of treating hot flashes and AB symptoms of hormonal variation in a patient, which methods include providing a tachykinin receptor antagonist and administering the tachykinin receptor antagonist to a patient experiencing a symptom of hormonal variation under conditions effective to treat the symptom of hormonal variation, which symptoms of hormonal variation can include hot flashes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:335359 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Method of treating symptoms of hormonal variation,

including hot flashes, using tachykinin receptor

antagonist

INVENTOR(S):

Guttuso, Thomas J., JR., Rochester, NY, UNITED STATES

KIND DATE NUMBER US 2003236237 A1 20031225

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

US 2003-609176 A1 20030627 (10)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 2001-879390, filed on 12

Jun 2001, PENDING

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 2000-211116P 20000612 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Nixon Peabody LLP, Clinton Square, P.O. Box 31051,

Rochester, NY, 14603-1051

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

21

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

LINE COUNT:

562

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

[0004] Men may also have hot flashes following androgen

-deprivation therapy (from bilateral orchiectomy or treatment with a gonadotrophin-releasing-hormone agonist) for metastatic prostate cancer.

DELACROIX

SUMM . . effective treatment for hot flashes in women, there are women for whom such therapy is contraindicated, i.e., women with breast cancer or a strong family history of breast cancer, a history of clotting, severe migraine, or who are averse to taking the

SUMM . . . tissues (e.g., total abdominal hysterectomy, bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy, etc.). In male patients, the hot flashes typically occur as a side-effect of androgen-dependent therapy for metastatic prostate cancer. They can be either surgically-induced (e.g., bilateral orchiectomy) or drug-induced (e.g., treatment with a gonadotrophin-releasing-hormone agonist, leuprolide acetate, etc.).

CLM What is claimed is: 18. The method according to claim 17, wherein the anti-androgen compound is leuprolide acetate.

133156-06-6, GR 73632 135911-02-3, RP 67580 136982-36-0, CP 99994 IT138449-07-7, FK 888 142001-63-6, Saredutant 145742-28-5, CP 122721 153438-49-4, Dapitant 155418-05-6, SR 140333 157351-81-0, MEN 10627 158991-23-2, PD 154075 160492-56-8, Osanetant 168266-90-8, GR 205171 168398-02-5, GR 203040 170729-80-3, MK 869 172673-20-0, L 758298 177707-12-9, NKP 608 **204519-66-4** 214487-46-4, MEN 11467 215036-24-1, L 760735 217185-75-6, TAK 637 257888-24-7, R 116301 (tachykinin receptor antagonist for treating symptoms of hormonal variation, including hot flashes)

L16 ANSWER 2 OF 2 USPATFULL on STN

AB The present invention relates to a methods of treating hot flashes and symptoms of hormonal variation in a patient, which methods include providing a tachykinin receptor antagonist and administering the tachykinin receptor antagonist to a patient experiencing a symptom of hormonal variation under conditions effective to treat the symptom of hormonal variation, which symptoms of hormonal variation can include hot flashes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:27435 USPATFULL

TITLE: Method of treating symptoms of hormonal variation,

including hot flashes, using tachykinin receptor

antagonist

Guttuso, Thomas J., JR., Rochester, NY, UNITED STATES INVENTOR(S):

NUMBER KIND DATE ______ US 2002016283 A1 US 2001-879390 A1 PATENT INFORMATION: 20020207 APPLICATION INFO.: 20010612 (9)

NUMBER DATE US 2000-211116P 20000612 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Michael L. Goldman, NIXON PEABODY LLP, Clinton Square,

P.O. Box 31051, Rochester, NY, 14603

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 31 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1 LINE COUNT: 590 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

SUMM [0004] Men may also have hot flashes following androgen -deprivation therapy (from bilateral orchiectomy or treatment with a gonadotrophin-releasing-hormone agonist) for metastatic prostate cancer.

SUMM . . . effective treatment for hot flashes in women, there are women for whom such therapy is contraindicated, i.e., women with breast cancer or a strong family history of breast cancer, a history of clotting, severe migraine, or who are averse to taking the drug.

SUMM . . . tissues (e.g., total abdominal hysterectomy, bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy, etc.). In male patients, the hot flashes typically occur as a side-effect of androgen-dependent therapy for metastatic prostate cancer. They can be either surgically-induced (e.g., bilateral orchiectomy) or drug-induced (e.g., treatment with a gonadotrophin-releasinghormone agonist, leuprolide acetate, etc.).

CLM What is claimed is:

- 18. The method according to claim 17, wherein the drug is an antiandrogen compound.
- 19. The method according to claim 18, wherein the anti-androgen compound is leuprolide acetate.
- 26. The method according to claim 23, wherein the patient is a male patient undergoing androgen-dependent therapy.
- 27. The method according to claim 26, wherein the androgen -dependent therapy is surgical or drug therapy.
- IT133156-06-6, GR 73632 135911-02-3, RP 67580 136982-36-0, CP 99994 138449-07-7, FK 888 142001-63-6, Saredutant 145742-28-5, CP 122721 153438-49-4, Dapitant 155418-05-6, SR 140333 157351-81-0, MEN 10627 158991-23-2, PD 154075 160492-56-8, Osanetant 168266-90-8, GR 205171 168398-02-5, GR 203040 170729-80-3, MK 869 172673-20-0, L 758298 177707-12-9, NKP 608 **204519-66-4** 214487-46-4, MEN 11467 215036-24-1, L 760735 217185-75-6, TAK 637 257888-24-7, R 116301 (tachykinin receptor antagonist for treating symptoms of hormonal variation, including hot flashes)

=> dup rem 117
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L17
L18 5 DUP REM L17 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 118 abs ibib kwic 1-5

L18 ANSWER 1 OF 5 USPATFULL on STN

AB The present invention relates to a methods of treating hot flashes and symptoms of hormonal variation in a patient, which methods include providing a tachykinin receptor antagonist and administering the tachykinin receptor antagonist to a patient experiencing a symptom of hormonal variation under conditions effective to treat the symptom of hormonal variation, which symptoms of hormonal variation can include hot

flashes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:335359 USPATFULL

TITLE: Method of treating symptoms of hormonal variation,

including hot flashes, using tachykinin receptor

antagonist

INVENTOR(S): Guttuso, Thomas J., JR., Rochester, NY, UNITED STATES

> . NUMBER KIND DATE

US 2003236237 PATENT INFORMATION:

US 2003236237 A1 20031225 US 2003-609176 A1 20030627 (10) APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2001-879390, filed on 12

Jun 2001, PENDING

NUMBER DATE ______

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2000-211116P 20000612 (60)

Utility DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

Nixon Peabody LLP, Clinton Square, P.O. Box 31051, LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Rochester, NY, 14603-1051

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 21 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1 562 LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

[0004] Men may also have hot flashes following androgen SUMM

-deprivation therapy (from bilateral orchiectomy or treatment with a gonadotrophin-releasing-hormone agonist) for metastatic prostate cancer.

SUMM . . . tissues (e.g., total abdominal hysterectomy, bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy, etc.). In male patients, the hot flashes typically occur as a side-effect of androgen-dependent therapy for metastatic prostate cancer. They can be either surgically-induced (e.g., bilateral orchiectomy) or drug-induced (e.g., treatment with a gonadotrophin-releasing-hormone.

CLM What is claimed is:

> 18. The method according to claim 17, wherein the anti-androgen compound is leuprolide acetate.

IT133156-06-6, GR 73632 135911-02-3, RP 67580 136982-36-0, CP 99994 138449-07-7, FK 888 142001-63-6, Saredutant 145742-28-5, CP 122721 153438-49-4, Dapitant 155418-05-6, SR 140333 157351-81-0, MEN 10627 158991-23-2, PD 154075 160492-56-8, Osanetant 168266-90-8, GR 205171 168398-02-5, GR 203040 170729-80-3, MK 869 172673-20-0, L 758298 177707-12-9, NKP 608 **204519-66-4** 214487-46-4, MEN 11467 215036-24-1, L 760735 217185-75-6, TAK 637 257888-24-7, R 116301 (tachykinin receptor antagonist for treating symptoms of hormonal variation, including hot flashes)

L18 ANSWER 2 OF 5 USPATFULL on STN

AB The present invention relates to a methods of treating hot flashes and symptoms of hormonal variation in a patient, which methods include providing a tachykinin receptor antagonist and administering the tachykinin receptor antagonist to a patient experiencing a symptom of hormonal variation under conditions effective to treat the symptom of hormonal variation, which symptoms of hormonal variation can include hot flashes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:27435 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Method of treating symptoms of hormonal variation, including hot flashes, using tachykinin receptor

antagonist

INVENTOR(S):

Guttuso, Thomas J., JR., Rochester, NY, UNITED STATES

KIND DATE _____ US 2002016283 A1 20020207 US 2001-879390 A1 20010612 PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: 20010612 (9)

> NUMBER DATE _____

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2000-211116P 20000612 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Michael L. Goldman, NIXON PEABODY LLP, Clinton Square,

P.O. Box 31051, Rochester, NY, 14603

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 31 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1 590 LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

variation, including hot flashes)

[0004] Men may also have hot flashes following androgen

-deprivation therapy (from bilateral orchiectomy or treatment with a gonadotrophin-releasing-hormone agonist) for metastatic prostate cancer.

SUMM . . . tissues (e.g., total abdominal hysterectomy, bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy, etc.). In male patients, the hot flashes typically occur as a side-effect of androgen-dependent therapy

for metastatic prostate cancer. They can be either surgically-induced (e.g., bilateral orchiectomy) or drug-induced (e.g., treatment with a gonadotrophin-releasinghormone.

CLM What is claimed is:

> 18. The method according to claim 17, wherein the drug is an antiandrogen compound.

- 19. The method according to claim 18, wherein the anti-androgen compound is leuprolide acetate.
- 26. The method according to claim 23, wherein the patient is a male patient undergoing androgen-dependent therapy.
- 27. The method according to claim 26, wherein the androgen -dependent therapy is surgical or drug therapy.

IT 133156-06-6, GR 73632 135911-02-3, RP 67580 136982-36-0, CP 99994 138449-07-7, FK 888 142001-63-6, Saredutant 145742-28-5, CP 122721 153438-49-4, Dapitant 155418-05-6, SR 140333 157351-81-0, MEN 10627 158991-23-2, PD 154075 160492-56-8, Osanetant 168266-90-8, GR 205171 168398-02-5, GR 203040 170729-80-3, MK 869 172673-20-0, L 758298 177707-12-9, NKP 608 204519-66-4 214487-46-4, MEN 11467 215036-24-1, L 760735 217185-75-6, TAK 637 257888-24-7, R 116301 (tachykinin receptor antagonist for treating symptoms of hormonal

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L18 ANSWER 3 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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AB Methods are provided for treating hot flashes and symptoms of hormonal variation in a patient, which methods include providing a tachykinin receptor antagonist and administering the tachykinin receptor antagonist to a patient experiencing a symptom of hormonal variation under conditions effective to treat the symptom of hormonal variation, which symptoms of hormonal variation can include hot flashes.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:923610 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:31709

TITLE:

Method of treating symptoms of hormonal variation, including hot flashes, using a tachykinin receptor

antagonist

INVENTOR(S):

Guttuso, Thomas J., Jr.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

University of Rochester, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PA' | PATENT NO. | | | | | KIND DATE | | | | | ICAT | DATE | | | | | |
|---------|---------------|------|------|-------------|-----|-----------|----------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|-------|----------|------|------|--------|
| WO | 2001 | 0959 | 04 | | | | | WO 2001-US40924 | | | | | | 20010612 | | | |
| | W: | | | | | | AU, | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | DM, | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | HU, | ID, | IL, | IN, | IS, | JP, | ΚE, | KG, | KP, | KR, | ΚZ, | LC, | LK, | LR, | LS, | LT, |
| | | LU, | LV, | MA, | MD, | MG, | MK, | MN, | MW, | MX, | MZ, | NO, | NZ, | PL, | PT, | RO, | RU, |
| | | SD, | SE, | SG, | SI, | SK, | SL, | ТJ, | TM, | TR, | TT, | TZ, | UA, | UG, | UZ, | VN, | YU, |
| | | ZA, | ZW, | AM, | ΑZ, | BY, | KG, | ΚZ, | MD, | RU, | ТJ, | TM | | | | | |
| | RW: | GH, | GM, | KE, | LS, | MW, | MZ, | SD, | SL, | SZ, | ΤZ, | ŪG, | ZW, | AT, | BE, | CH, | CY, |
| | | DE, | DK, | ES, | FI, | FR, | GB, | GR, | ΙE, | IT, | LU, | MC, | NL, | PT, | SE, | TR, | BF, |
| | | ВJ, | CF, | CG, | CI, | CM, | GΑ, | GN, | GW, | ML, | MR, | NE, | SN, | TD, | TG | | |
| US | US 2002016283 | | A1 | A1 20020207 | | | US 2001-879390 | | | | | | | | | | |
| EP | 1299 | 100 | | | A1 | | 2003 | 0409 | | EP 2 | 001- | 9422 | 48 | | 2 | 0010 | 512 |
| | R: | AT, | BE, | CH, | DE, | DK, | ES, | FR, | GB, | GR, | IT, | LI, | LU, | NL, | SE, | MC, | PT, |
| | | ΙE, | SI, | LT, | LV, | FΙ, | RO, | MK, | CY, | AL, | TR | | | | | | |
| US | 2003 | 2362 | 37 | | A1 | | 2003 | 1225 | | US 2 | 003- | 6091 | 76 | | 2 | 0030 | 527 |
| PRIORIT | Y APP | LN. | INFO | .: | | | | | | US 2 | 000- | 2111 | 16P | | P 2 | 0000 | 512 |
| | | | | | | | | | | US 2 | 001- | 8793 | 90 | | A1 2 | 0010 | 512 |
| | | | | | | | | | | WO 2 | 001- | US40 | 924 | 1 | W 2 | 0010 | 512 |
| REFEREN | CE CO | UNT: | | | 3 | Т | HERE | ARE | 3 C | ITED | REF | EREN | CES . | AVAI | LABL | E FO | RTHIS |
| | | | | | | R | ECOR | D. A | LL C | ITAT | IONS | AVA | ILAB | LE I | N TH | E RE | FORMAT |

IT Androgens

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study)
(antiandrogens; tachykinin receptor antagonist for treating symptoms of hormonal variation, including hot flashes)

TT 133156-06-6, GR 73632 135911-02-3, RP 67580 136982-36-0, CP 99994 138449-07-7, FK 888 142001-63-6, Saredutant 145742-28-5, CP 122721 153438-49-4, Dapitant 155418-05-6, SR 140333 157351-81-0, MEN 10627 158991-23-2, PD 154075 160492-56-8, Osanetant 168266-90-8, GR 205171 168398-02-5, GR 203040 170729-80-3, MK 869 172673-20-0, L 758298 177707-12-9, NKP 608 204519-66-4 214487-46-4, MEN 11467 215036-24-1, L 760735 217185-75-6, TAK 637 257888-24-7, R 116301 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(tachykinin receptor antagonist for treating symptoms of hormonal

09/889,904 variation, including hot flashes) L18 ANSWER 4 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN The present invention is the novel use of NK-3 receptor antagonist compds. AΒ for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of diseases which are caused by high or inappropriate levels of gonadotropins and/or androgens, particularly testosterone. Antiandrogenic effects of compds. such as $(S)-N-(\alpha-\text{ethylbenzyl})-3-\text{hydroxy-}2-\text{phenylquinoline-}4$ carboxamide are presented. ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:513508 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:129881 Anti-androgens and methods for treating TITLE: disease Murphy, Dennis; Wier, Patrick J.; Giardina, Giuseppe INVENTOR(S): Arnaldo Maria Smithkline Beecham Corporation, USA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): PCT Int. Appl., 16 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2 Patent DOCUMENT TYPE: English LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: DATE APPLICATION NO. KIND DATE PATENT NO. _____ _____ ______ ____ WO 2000043008 20000727 WO 2000-US1956 20000125 A1 W: CA, JP, US RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE EP 2000-905748 20000125 20011024 A1 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI JP 2000-594462 20000125 JP 2002535274 Т2 20021022 US 1999-117059P P 19990125 WO 2000-US1956 W 20000125 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT:

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

Anti-androgens and methods for treating disease TI

The present invention is the novel use of NK-3 receptor antagonist compds. AΒ for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of diseases which are caused by high or inappropriate levels of gonadotropins and/or androgens, particularly testosterone. Antiandrogenic effects of compds. such as $(S)-N-(\alpha-\text{ethylbenzyl})-3-\text{hydroxy-}2-\text{phenylquinoline-}4$ carboxamide are presented.

androgen inhibitor; NK3 receptor antagonist; ST testosterone inhibitor

ΙT Tachykinin receptors

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (NK3, antagonists; anti-androgens and for treating disease)

IΤ Androgens RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(antiandrogens; anti-androgens and for treating disease)

ΙT Gonadotropins

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (inhibitors; anti-androgens and for treating disease)

IT 160492-56-8 174636-32-9 224961-34-6 286367-32-6 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(anti-androgens and for treating disease)

IT 58-22-0, **Testosterone** 9002-67-9, LH

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (inhibitors; anti-androgens and for treating disease)

L18 ANSWER 5 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AB Predicting blood-brain barrier (BBB) permeation remains a challenge in drug design. Since it is impossible to determine exptl. the BBB partitioning of large nos. of preclin. candidates, alternative evaluation methods based on computerized models are desirable. The present study was conducted to demonstrate the value of descriptors derived from 3D mol. fields in estimating the BBB permeation of a large set of compds. and to produce a simple math. model suitable for external prediction. The method used (VolSurf) transforms 3D fields into descriptors and correlates them to the exptl. permeation by a discriminant partial least squares procedure. The model obtained here correctly predicts more than 90% of the BBB permeation data. By quantifying the favorable and unfavorable contributions of physicochem. and structural properties, it also offers valuable insights for drug design, pharmacol. profiling, and screening. The computational procedure is fully automated and quite fast. The method thus appears as a valuable new tool in virtual screening where selection or prioritization of candidates is required from large collections of compds.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:316267 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:114594

TITLE:

Predicting blood-brain barrier permeation from

three-dimensional molecular structure

AUTHOR(S):

Crivori, Patrizia; Cruciani, Gabriele; Carrupt,

Pierre-Alain; Testa, Bernard

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Institute of Medicinal Chemistry, University of Lausanne, Lausanne-Dorigny, CH-1015, Switz.

Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2000), 43(11),

2204-2216

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

PUBLISHER:

American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

English

REFERENCE COUNT:

54 THERE ARE 54 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

50-23-7, Cortisol 50-28-2, Estradiol, 50-22-6, Corticosterone biological studies 50-47-5, Desipramine 50-49-7, Imipramine 50-53-3, Chlorpromazine, biological studies Thioridazine Dopamine, biological studies 52-39-1, Aldosterone 52-86-8, Haloperidol 57-27-2, Morphine, biological studies 57-83-0, Progesterone, biological studies 58-00-4, Apomorphine 58-08-2, Caffeine, biological 58-22-0, **Testosterone** 58-39-9, Perphenazine studies 58-40-2, Promazine 58-73-1, Diphenhydramine 59-33-6, Mepyramine 59-92-7, Levodopa, biological studies 71-73-8 439-14-5, Diazepam 604-75-1, Oxazepam 1088-11-5, Nordazepam 4205-90-7, Clonidine 16590-41-3, Naltrexone 20290-10-2 22316-47-8, Clobazam 28797-61-7, Pirenzepine 28860-95-9, Carbidopa 28981-97-7, Alprazolam 29122-68-7, Atenolol 29216-28-2, Mequitazine 30652-12-1, Cp21 30652-15-4 30652-18-7, Cp25 34271-50-6 34391-04-3 34552-84-6, Isoxicam 30652-12-1, Cp21 30652-15-4, Cp24 Atenolol 36322-90-4, Piroxicam 51481-61-9, Cimetidine 51688-68-7 51742-87-1

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53179-11-6, Loperamide
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cis-Flupentixol
                 53772-85-3, Trans-Flupentixol
                                                 57808-66-9, Domperidone
                       59804-37-4, Tenoxicam
                                               66357-35-5, Ranitidine
59429-50-4, Tamitinol
            68844-77-9, Astemizole
                                                           69014-14-8D,
67253-23-0
                                     69014-14-8, Tiotidine
                       70458-92-3, Pefloxacin
                                                70458-96-7, Norfloxacin
Tiotidine, derivative
71125-38-7, Meloxicam
                       71351-79-6, Icotidine
                                               74011-58-8, Enoxacine
76210-47-4
           76210-49-6
                        79660-72-3, Fleroxacin 79794-75-5, Loratadine
79794-75-5D, Loratadine, derivs. 82419-36-1, Ofloxacin 83903-06-4,
                                        86181-42-2, Temelastine
Lupitidine
           85721-33-1, Ciprofloxacin
                        90729-43-4, Ebastine
90729-42-3, Carebastine
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                98079-51-7
                             98106-17-3, Difloxacin
                                                      98323-83-2,
S-Promethazine
                                       103420-77-5, L 364718
Carmoxirole
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103420-82-2
             104076-38-2, Zolantidine
                           112192-04-8, Roxindole
110871-86-8, Sparfloxacin
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                           118101-09-0, L 365260
116003-91-9 118101-08-9
                                                   122384-14-9, L663581
123441-03-2, Rivastigmine
                           126055-13-8, Cp102
                                                126588-96-3
                                                              126830-75-9
                           130018-77-8
                                         130073-36-8
                                                       139965-10-9
128246-10-6 130018-76-7
                                         153205-46-0, EMD 61753
139965-11-0
             147368-41-0
                           148690-80-6
174635-78-0 174636-26-1 193222-55-8
                                       285988-44-5
285988-45-6
             285988-46-7
                           285988-47-8
                                         285988-48-9
                                                       285988-49-0
             285988-51-4
285988-50-3
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological
process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
   (blood-brain barrier permeation prediction from 3D mol. structure)
```

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:14:42 ON 02 AUG 2004)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:15:03 ON 02 AUG 2004

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L2 0 S L1 SSS SAM

L3 10 S L1 SSS FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS, USPATFULL, CAOLD' ENTERED AT 17:16:26 ON 02 AUG 2004

=> s 13

.L4 65 L3

=> s 14 and (BPH or benign(3a)prosta?(3a)hyperpl?)

L5 0 L4 AND (BPH OR BENIGN(3A) PROSTA?(3A) HYPERPL?)

=> s (BPH or benign(3a)prosta?(3a)hyperpl?)

L6 8828 (BPH OR BENIGN(3A) PROSTA?(3A) HYPERPL?)

=> s 14 and 15

L7 0 L4 AND L5

=> s 14 and 16

L8 0 L4 AND L6

=> s 14 and prosta?(p)carcinom?

PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH

FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'PROSTA? (P) CARCINOM?'

L9 0 L4 AND PROSTA?(P) CARCINOM?

=> s 14 and prosta? and (carcinom? or cancer? or tumor?)

L10 7 L4 AND PROSTA? AND (CARCINOM? OR CANCER? OR TUMOR?)

=> dup rem 110

DUPLICATE IS NOT AVAILABLE IN 'CAOLD'.

ANSWERS FROM THESE FILES WILL BE CONSIDERED UNIQUE

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L10

L11 7 DUP REM L10 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d lll abs ibib kwic hitstr 1-7

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN GI

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R1 \\
\hline
N-N \\
N-N
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
X \\
O
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
N \\
R3
\end{array}$$

AB Title compds. [I; R1, R2 = H, OH, OR8, SR8, SOR8, SO2R8, halo; R1R2 =

DELACROIX

OCH2O, OCH2CH2O; R3 = H, AR7, COAR7, CO2AR7, CONH2, NH2, etc.; R7 = H, CO2H, NH2, OH, etc.; R8 = (substituted) alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, alkylenecycloalkyl, etc.; A = null, (0, S, S0, S02, imino-interrupted) alkylene, alkenylene, cycloalkylene; B = (substituted) aryl, heteroaryl; X = (0, S, SO, SO2, imino-interrupted) alkylene], were prepared as phosphodiesterase IV inhibitors for treating osteoporosis, tumors , cachexia, atherosclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis, diabetes mellitus, inflammatory processes, allergies, asthma, autoimmune diseases, myocardial diseases and AIDS (no data). Thus, 3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazine was treated sequentially with chloroacetyl chloride, N-hydroxyphthalimide, ethanolamine, and 4-methoxybenzaldehyde to give 4-methoxybenzaldehyde O-[2-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-2oxoethylloxime.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:991488 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:27834

TITLE:

Preparation of pyridazinyloximes as phosphodiesterase

IV inhibitors.

INVENTOR(S):

Eggenweiler, Hans-Michael; Beier, Norbert; Schelling,

Pierre; Wolf, Michael

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Merck Patent G.m.b.H., Germany

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 137 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| | PATENT NO. | | | | | KIND DATE | | | | | | DATE | | | | | |
|------|--|------------|---------|------|-------------|-----------|------|----------------|-------|-------|------|------|------|----------|------|------|--------|
| | WO 200 | 3104 | 205 | | A1 20031218 | | | WO 2003-EP5173 | | | | | | 20030516 | | | |
| | W: | ΑE | , AG, | AL, | AM, | ΑT, | ΑU, | ΑZ, | BA, | BB, | BG, | BR, | BY, | BZ, | CA, | CH, | CN, |
| | | CO | , CR, | CU, | CZ, | DE, | DK, | DM, | DZ, | EC, | EE, | ES, | FI, | GB, | GD, | GE, | GH, |
| | | GM | , HR, | HU, | ID, | IL, | IN, | IS, | JP, | KE, | KG, | KP, | KR, | ΚZ, | LC, | LK, | LR, |
| | | | , LT, | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | $_{ m PL}$ | , PT, | RO, | RU, | SC, | SD, | SE, | SG, | SK, | SL, | ТJ, | TM, | TN, | TR, | TT, | TZ, |
| | | UA | , UG, | US, | UZ, | VC, | VN, | YU, | ZA, | ZM, | ZW, | AM, | AZ, | BY, | KG, | ΚZ, | MD, |
| | | RU | , TJ, | TM | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | RV | : GH | , GM, | ΚE, | LS, | MW, | ΜZ, | SD, | SL, | SZ, | TZ, | UG, | ZM, | ZW, | AT, | BE, | BG, |
| | | CH | , CY, | CZ, | DE, | DK, | EE, | ES, | FI, | FR, | GB, | GR, | HU, | IE, | IT, | LU, | MC, |
| | | NL | , PT, | RO, | SE, | SI, | SK, | TR, | BF, | ВJ, | CF, | CG, | CI, | CM, | GA, | GN, | GQ, |
| | | GW | , ML, | MR, | NE, | SN, | TD, | ΤG | | | | | | | | | |
| | DE 102 | 2557 | 4 | | A 1 | | 2003 | 1218 | | DE 2 | 002- | 1022 | 5574 | | 2 | 0020 | 610 |
| PRIO | PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 2002-10225574 A 20020610 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| OTHE | R SOUR | E(S) | : | | MAR | PAT | 140: | 2783 | 4 | | | | | | | | |
| AB | | . (| subst | itut | ed) a | aryl | , he | tero | aryl | ; X : | = (0 | , S, | so, | S02 | , | | |
| | imino- | inte | rrupt | ed) | alky. | lene |], w | ere | prep | ared | as | phos | phod | iest | eras | e IV | |
| | inhibi | tors | for | trea | ting | ost | еоро | rosi | s, t | umor | s, c | ache | хіа, | | | | |
| | ather | scle | rosis | , rh | euma | toid | art | hrit | is, 1 | mult: | iple | scl | eros | is, | diab | etes | |
| | mellit | us, | infla | mmat | ory p | proc | esse | s, a | ller | gies | , as | thma | , au | toim | mune | dis | eases, |
| | myocai | dial | dise | ases | and | AID | S (n | o da | ta). | | | | | | | | |
| ST | pyrida | ziny | loxim | e pr | epn j | phos | phod | iest | eras | e IV | inh | ibit | or; | oste | opor | osis | |
| | tumor | cach | exia | athe | rosc | lero | sis | trea | tmen | t py | rida | ziny | loxi | me p | repn | ; | |
| | rheuma | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | pyrida | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | diseas | _ | | - | • | | | | | | | , | - | | | | |
| IT | AIDS | dise | ase) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Addison's disease Allergy Asbestosis Asthma Atherosclerosis Autoimmune disease Cachexia Digestive tract, disease Drug dependence Eczema Emphysema Eosinophilia Gout Granulation tissue Heart, disease Human immunodeficiency virus 1 Human immunodeficiency virus 2 Human immunodeficiency virus 3 Infection Inflammation Influenza Kidney, disease Lupus erythematosus Multiple sclerosis Myasthenia gravis Mycosis Neoplasm Osteoporosis Parkinson's disease Pneumoconiosis Prostate gland, disease Psoriasis Rheumatoid arthritis Sarcoidosis Sepsis Silicosis Skin, disease Transplant and Transplantation Transplant rejection Urticaria Wilson's disease (treatment; preparation of pyridazinyloximes as phosphodiesterase IV inhibitors) 50-24-8, Prednisolone 53-03-2, Prednisone 57-22-7, Vincristine 57-96-5, Sulfinpyrazone 58-55-9, Theophylline, 57-66-9, Probenecid 59-05-2, Methotrexate 59-42-7, Phenylephrine biological studies 90-82-4, Pseudoephedrine 64-86-8, Colchicine 101-40-6, Propylhexedrine 113-92-8, Chlorpheniramine maleate 124-94-7D, Triamcinolone, acetonide derivative 315-30-0, Allopurinol 317-34-0, Aminophylline 404-86-4, 446-86-6, Azathioprine 522-48-5, Tetrahydrozoline Capsaicin 550-99-2, Naphazoline hydrochloride 586-06-1, hydrochloride 865-21-4, Vinblastine 1218-35-5, Xylometazoline Metaproterenol 2315-02-8, Oxymetazoline hydrochloride 3198-07-0 hydrochloride 3385-03-3, Flunisolide 3562-84-3, Benzbromarone 7440-57-5D, Gold, aurothio derivs. 7683-59-2, Isoproterenol 14838-15-4, 15826-37-6, Sodium cromoglycate Phenylpropanolamine 18559-94-9,

23031-25-6, Terbutalin

Albuterol 22254-24-6, Ipratropium bromide

IT

28797-61-7, Pirenzepin 30286-75-0, Oxitropium bromide 30392-40-6, 38677-81-5, Pirbuterol Bitolterol 51333-22-3, Budesonide 58581-89-8, 59865-13-3, Cyclosporin 68844-77-9, Astemizole Azelastine 73573-87-2, Formoterol 75706-12-6, Leflunomide 79794-75-5, Loratadine 83799-24-0, Fexofenadine 83869-56-1, GM-CSF 80880-90-6, Telenzepine 83881-51-0, Cetirizine 89365-50-4, Salmeterol 93211-49-5, L-651392 96566-25-5, Ablukast 100643-71-8, Desloratadine 103177-37-3, 106096-93-9, Basic fibroblast growth 103475-41-8, Tepoxalin factor 107753-78-6, Zafirlukast 111406-87-2, Zileuton 118414-82-7, 120128-20-3, RG-12525 120443-16-5, Verlukast 126544-47-6, Mk-886 Ciclesonide 128253-31-6, Bay x 1005 136310-93-5, Tiotropium bromide 140841-32-3, Zd-2138 141579-54-6, Fenleuton 141579-87-5, Abbott 79175 143538-27-6, Bay x 7195 147030-01-1, Mk-591 147398-01-4, CGS-25019c 147432-77-7, Ontazolast 151581-24-7, Iralukast 154355-76-7, Abbott 158930-07-5, L-739010 158966-92-8, Montelukast 162011-90-7, 85761 162750-10-9, Sb-210661 168154-07-2, L-746530 170277-31-3, Rofecoxib Infliximab 171964-73-1, ZD-0892 **174636-32-9**, Talnetant 185243-69-0, Etanercept 204974-93-6, BIIL 260 257892-34-5, D-4418 331731-18-1, D2E7 346735-24-8, BIIL 284 350610-64-9, NKP-608c 446023-33-2, UT-77 634206-58-9D, hydrazone derivative RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (coadministration; preparation of pyridazinyloximes as phosphodiesterase IV inhibitors)

IT 174636-32-9, Talnetant

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (coadministration; preparation of pyridazinyloximes as phosphodiesterase IV inhibitors)

RN 174636-32-9 HCAPLUS

CN 4-Quinolinecarboxamide, 3-hydroxy-2-phenyl-N-[(1S)-1-phenylpropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 2 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN GI

2

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 & CN \\
N-N & NH \\
R^4
\end{array}$$

AB Title compds. [I; R1, R2 = H, OH, OR5, SR5, SOR5, SO2R5, X; R1R2 = OCH2O, OCH2CH2O; R3, R31 = H, R5, OH, OR5, NH2, NHR5, NHCOR5, X, CO2H, CO2R5, CONH2, etc.; R4 = cyano, tetrazolyl; R5 = (fluoro-substituted) A, cycloalkyl, (CH2)nAr; A = (fluoro- and/or chloro-substituted) alkyl, alkenyl; Ar = Ph; n = 0-2; X = F, Cl, Br, iodo], were prepared Thus, [3-(3,4-diethoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazine-1-yl]-(3aminophenyl)methanone (preparation given) was stirred with NaNO2 in aqueous HCl for

1 h at -2° to 0°; malononitrile in H2O was added followed by stirring for 2 h to give a residue which was treated with KOH in MeOH to give 2-[[3-[1-[3-(3,4-diethoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1yl]methanoyl]phenyl]hydrazono]malononitrile K salt. I were said to give a marked reduction of T cell proliferation. I are claimed for treatment of osteoporosis, tumors, cachexia, atherosclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis, diabetes mellitus, inflammatory processes, allergies, asthma, autoimmune diseases, myocardial diseases, AIDS, etc.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:376641 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:385438

TITLE:

Preparation of pyridazinylmethanoylphenylhydrazonomalo

nitriles as phosphodiesterase IV inhibitors.

INVENTOR(S):

Eggenweiler, Hans-Michael; Wolf, Michael; Beier,

Norbert; Schelling, Pierre; Ehring, Thomas

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Merck Patent Gmbh, Germany

PCT Int. Appl., 114 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| | PATENT NO. | | | | | KIND DATE | | | | APPL | ICAT: | | DATE | | | | |
|----------|---------------|------|------|-------------|-------------------|-----------|-----|------|-------|----------------|-------|-----|------|-----|------------|-----|-----|
| | WO 2003039548 | | | A1 20030515 | | | 1 | WO 2 | 002-: | | | | | | | | |
| | W: | ΑE, | AG, | AL, | AM, | AT, | AU, | AZ, | BA, | BB, | BG, | BR, | BY, | BZ, | CA, | CH, | CN, |
| | | co, | CR, | CU, | CZ, | DE, | DK, | DM, | DZ, | EC, | EE, | ES, | FI, | GB, | GD, | GE, | GH, |
| | | GM, | HR, | HU, | ID, | IL, | IN, | IS, | JP, | ΚE, | KG, | KP, | KR, | KZ, | LC, | LK, | LR, |
| | | LS, | LT, | LU, | LV, | MA, | MD, | MG, | MK, | MN, | MW, | MX, | MZ, | NO, | NZ, | OM, | PH, |
| | • | PL, | PT, | RO, | RU, | SD, | SE, | SG, | SI, | SK, | SL, | ТJ, | TM, | TN, | TR, | TT, | TZ, |
| | | UA, | UG, | US, | UZ, | VN, | YU, | ZA, | ZM, | ZW, | AM, | AZ, | BY, | KG, | KΖ, | MD, | RU, |
| | | ТJ, | TM | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | RW: | GH, | GM, | ΚE, | LS, | MW, | MZ, | SD, | SL, | SZ, | TZ, | UG, | ZM, | ZW, | AT, | BE, | BG, |
| | | CH, | CY, | CZ, | DE, | DK, | EE, | ES, | FI, | FR, | GB, | GR, | ΙE, | IT, | LU, | MC, | NL, |
| | | PT, | SE, | SK, | TR, | BF, | ВJ, | CF, | CG, | CI, | CM, | GA, | GN, | GQ, | GW, | ML, | MR, |
| | | NE, | SN, | TD, | TG | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PRIORITY | Y APP | LN. | INFO | .: | | | | | | EP 2001-125455 | | | | | A 20011105 | | |
| OTHER SO | OURCE | (S): | | | MARPAT 138:385438 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

AΒ . . . salt. I were said to give a marked reduction of T cell proliferation. I are claimed for treatment of osteoporosis, tumors, cachexia, atherosclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis, diabetes mellitus, inflammatory processes, allergies, asthma, autoimmune diseases, myocardial diseases, AIDS, etc. ST pyridazinylmethanoylphenylhydrazonomalonitrile prepn phosphodiesterase inhibitor; PDE4 inhibitor hydrazonomalonitrile pyridazinylmethanoylphenyl; osteoporosis tumor cachexia atherosclerosis rheumatoid arthritis treatment pyridazinylmethanoylphenylhydrazonomalonitrile prepn; multiple sclerosis diabetes mellitus inflammatory process treatment pyridazinylmethanoylphenylhydrazonomalonitrile prepn; allergy asthma autoimmune disease. IT · Cachexia (cancerous, treatment; preparation of pyridazinylmethanoylphenylhydrazonomalonitriles as phosphodiesterase IV inhibitors) ITTumor necrosis factors RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (regulators; preparation of pyridazinylmethanoylphenylhydrazonomalonitriles as phosphodiesterase IV inhibitors) IT AIDS (disease) Addison's disease Allergy Asbestosis Asthma Atherosclerosis Autoimmune disease Cachexia Cystic fibrosis Dermatomyositis Diabetes mellitus Digestive tract, disease Drug dependence Eczema Emphysema Eosinophilia Fever and Hyperthermia Gout Granuloma Graves' disease Hay fever Heart, disease Inflammation Influenza Kidney, disease Leukemia Lupus erythematosus Lyme disease Multiple sclerosis Myasthenia gravis Mycosis Neoplasm Osteoarthritis Osteoporosis Parkinson's disease

Pneumoconiosis

Prostate gland, disease

```
Psoriasis
     Rheumatoid arthritis
     Sarcoidosis
     Sepsis
    Silicosis
     Skin, disease
    Transplant rejection
    Urticaria
    Wilson's disease
        (treatment; preparation of pyridazinylmethanoylphenylhydrazonomalonitriles
       as phosphodiesterase IV inhibitors)
TT
     50-24-8, Prednisolone
                            53-03-2, Prednisone
                                                   57-22-7, Vincristine
                         57-96-5, Sulfinpyrazone 58-55-9, Theophylline,
     57-66-9, Probenecid
    biological studies
                         59-05-2, Methotrexate 59-42-7, Phenylephrine
     76-25-5, Triamcinolone acetonide
                                       90-82-4, Pseudoephedrine
                                                                  101-40-6,
     Propylhexedrine
                      113-92-8, Chlorpheniramine
                                                    315-30-0, Allopurinol
     317-34-0, Aminophylline
                              404-86-4, Capsaicin
                                                    446-86-6, Azathioprine
    522-48-5, Tetrahydrozoline hydrochloride 550-99-2, Naphazoline
    hydrochloride
                    586-06-1, Metaproterenol
                                               865-21-4, Vinblastine
    1218-35-5, Xylometazoline hydrochloride 1397-89-3, Amphotericin b
     2315-02-8, Oxymetazoline hydrochloride
                                             3198-07-0 3385-03-3,
     Flunisolide
                 3562-84-3, Benzbromarone
                                             5534-09-8, Beclomethasone
    dipropionate
                   7440-57-5D, Gold, aurothio compds.
                                                        7683-59-2,
     Isoproterenol
                    14838-15-4, Phenylpropanolamine 15826-37-6, Sodium
     cromoglycate
                   18559-94-9, Albuterol
                                           22254-24-6, Ipratropium bromide
     22916-47-8, Miconazole
                            23031-25-6, Terbutaline 23593-75-1,
    Clotrimazole
                   27220-47-9, Econazole
                                          28797-61-7, Pirenzepine
     30286-75-0, Oxitropium bromide
                                     30392-40-6, Bitolterol
                                                             38677-81-5,
    Pirbuterol
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                                                                    59865-13-3.
    Cyclosporine
                   65277-42-1, Ketoconazole
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    79794-75-5, Loratidine 80474-14-2, Fluticasone propionate
                                                                   80880-90-6.
                 83799-24-0, Fexofenadine
    Telenzepine
                                             83869-56-1, GM-CSF
                                                                   83881-51-0,
     Cetirizine
                 83919-23-7, Mometasone furoate
                                                  84625-61-6, Itraconazole
     86386-73-4, Fluconazole 89365-50-4, Salmeterol
                                                      93211-49-5, L-651392
     96566-25-5, Ablukast
                          100643-71-8, Desloratadine 103177-37-3,
                 103475-41-8, Tepoxalin 106096-93-9, Basic fibroblast growth
    Pranlukast
             107753-78-6, Zafirlukast 111406-87-2, Zileuton 118414-82-7,
     factor
    Mk-886
             120128-20-3, RG-12525
                                     120443-16-5, Verlukast
                                                             126544-47-6,
    Ciclesonide
                 128253-31-6, BAY-X 1005
                                            128312-51-6, Ro 24-5913
     136310-93-5, Tiotropium bromide 140841-32-3, Zd-2138
                                                            141579-54-6,
     Fenleuton 141579-87-5, Abbott 79175
                                           143538-27-6, BAY-X 7195
    147030-01-1, Mk-591 147398-01-4, CGS-25019c
                                                    147432-77-7, Ontazolast
     151581-24-7, Iralukast 154355-76-7, Abt-761
                                                    158930-07-5, L-739010
     158966-92-8, Montelukast
                 Talnetant 185243-69-0, Etanercept 202415-99-4, 204974-93-6, BIIL 284/260 257892-34-5 P 4435
D 2E7 350610-64 0
                               162011-90-7, Rofecoxib
                                                        162750-10-9, Sb-210661
     168154-07-2, L-746530
     174636-32-9, Talnetant
     IPL 576092
    331731-18-1, D 2E7 350610-64-9, NKP 608C
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (coadministration; preparation of pyridazinylmethanoylphenylhydrazonomalonit
       riles as phosphodiesterase IV inhibitors)
IT
    174636-32-9, Talnetant
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (coadministration; preparation of pyridazinylmethanoylphenylhydrazonomalonit
       riles as phosphodiesterase IV inhibitors)
```

174636-32-9 HCAPLUS RN

4-Quinolinecarboxamide, 3-hydroxy-2-phenyl-N-[(1S)-1-phenylpropyl]- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 4 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 3 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

The invention discloses the use of type 4 phosphodiesterase inhibitors (PDE IV inhibitors) to treat diseases, as well as combinations of PDE IV inhibitors with other drugs.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:356269 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:348761

TITLE:

Type 4 phosphodiesterase inhibitors and therapeutic

uses thereof

INVENTOR(S):

Eggenweiler, Hans-Michael; Wolf, Michael

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Merck Patent G.m.b.H., Germany

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 122 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PA! | rent | NO. | | | KIN | D | DATE | | i | APPL | ICAT: | ION 1 | NO. | | Di | ATE | |
|-----|---------------|------|------|-------------|-----|-------------------|------|----------------|-----|------|-------|-------|----------|-----|-----|------|-----|
| WO | WO 2003037349 | | | A1 20030508 | | | 1 | WO 2002-EP9596 | | | | | 20020828 | | | | |
| | W: | ΑE, | AG, | AL, | AM, | ΑT, | AU, | ΑZ, | BA, | BB, | BG, | BR, | BY, | BZ, | CA, | CH, | CN, |
| | | co, | CR, | CU, | CZ, | DE, | DK, | DM, | DZ, | EC, | EE, | ES, | FI, | GB, | GD, | GE, | GH, |
| | | GM, | HR, | HU, | ID, | IL, | IN, | IS, | JP, | KE, | KG, | ΚP, | KR, | ΚZ, | LC, | LK, | LR, |
| | | LS, | LT, | LU, | LV, | MA, | MD, | MG, | MK, | MN, | MW, | MX, | ΜZ, | NO, | NZ, | OM, | PH, |
| | | PL, | PT, | RO, | RU, | SD, | SE, | SG, | SI, | SK, | SL, | ТJ, | TM, | TN, | TR, | TT, | TZ, |
| | | UA, | UG, | US, | UZ, | VN, | YU, | ZA, | ZM, | ZW, | AM, | AZ, | BY, | KG, | ΚZ, | MD, | RU, |
| | | ТJ, | TM | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | RW: | GH, | GM, | KE, | LS, | MW, | ΜZ, | SD, | SL, | SZ, | TZ, | UG, | ZM, | ZW, | ΑT, | BE, | ВG, |
| | | CH, | CY, | CZ, | DE, | DK, | EE, | ES, | FI, | FR, | GB, | GR, | ΙE, | IT, | LU, | MC, | NL, |
| | | PT, | SE, | SK, | TR, | BF, | ВĴ, | CF, | CG, | CI, | CM, | GΑ, | GN, | GQ, | GW, | ML, | MR, |
| | | NE, | SN, | TD, | TG | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RIT | Y APP | LN. | INFO | .: | | | | | | EP 2 | 001- | 1253 | 94 | | A 2 | 0011 | 031 |
| R S | OURCE | (S): | | | MAR | MARPAT 138:348761 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| т., | n | ecro | cic | fact | ors | | | | | | | | | | | | |

PRIO OTHE

IT Tumor necrosis factors

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) $(TNF-\alpha;$ phosphodiesterase IV inhibitors, therapeutic uses, and

use with other agents) IT Neoplasm (cancerous cachexia; phosphodiesterase IV inhibitors, therapeutic uses, and use with other agents) ΙT AIDS (disease) Addison's disease Allergy inhibitors Analgesics Anemia (disease) Anti-AIDS agents Anti-infective agents Anti-inflammatory agents Anti-ischemic agents Antiarthritics Antiasthmatics Antidepressants Antidiabetic agents Antihypertensives Antiparkinsonian agents Antipyretics Antirheumatic agents Antitumor agents Antiviral agents Asbestosis Asthma Autoimmune disease Bronchodilators Cachexia Cardiovascular agents Cognition enhancers Cystic fibrosis Cytomegalovirus Dermatitis Dermatomyositis Digestive tract, disease Drug dependence Eczema Emphysema Eosinophil Eosinophilia Fever and Hyperthermia Fungicides Gout Granuloma Graves' disease Human Human adenovirus Human herpesvirus Human herpesvirus 3 Human immunodeficiency virus 1 Human immunodeficiency virus 2 Human immunodeficiency virus 3 Infection Influenza Influenza virus Ischemia

Kidney, disease

Leukemia Lupus erythematosus Multiple sclerosis Myasthenia gravis Nervous system agents Osteoarthritis Osteoporosis Pain Parkinson's disease Pneumoconiosis Prostate gland, disease Psoriasis Rheumatoid arthritis Sarcoidosis Sepsis Silicosis Urticaria Wilson's disease (phosphodiesterase IV inhibitors, therapeutic uses, and use with other 404-86-4, Capsaicin 83869-56-1, GM-CSF 171964-73-1, ZD-0892; IT257892-34-5, D-4418 174636-32-9, Talnetant 350610-64-9, NKP-608C 446023-33-2, UT-77 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (cmsphosphodiesterase IV inhibitors, therapeutic uses, and use with other agents) 174636-32-9, Talnetant IT RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (cmsphosphodiesterase IV inhibitors, therapeutic uses, and use with other agents) 174636-32-9 HCAPLUS RN 4-Quinolinecarboxamide, 3-hydroxy-2-phenyl-N-[(1S)-1-phenylpropyl]- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

REFERENCE COUNT:

- 14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L11 ANSWER 4 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

 AB The invention concerns the synthesis of 3H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidine derivs., their physiol. acceptable salts, stereoisomers, solvates, mixts. thereof and their use as phosphodiesterase VII inhibitors in the treatment

of diseases that are influenced by the phosphodiesterase VII regulation of human eosinophil activation and degranulation. Osteoporesis, tumors, cachexia, atherosclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis, diabetes mellitus, AIDS, autoimmune and heart diseases can be treated with the drugs. Thus the synthesis of 5-isopropyl-4-oxo-7-p-tolyl-4,7-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carboxylic acid Et ester and analog compds. is described along with injection, suppository, tablet and other formulations.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:506580 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:79178

TITLE:

Synthesis of 3H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidine derivatives and use as phosphodiesterase VII inhibitors and in

combination with other agents

INVENTOR(S):

Eggenweiler, Hans-Michael; Wolf, Michael

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Merck Patent GmbH, Germany

SOURCE:

Ger. Offen., 36 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------|--|--|
| DE 10163991 | A1 20030703 | DE 2001-10163991 | 20011224 | | |
| WO 2003055882 | A1 20030710 | WO 2002-EP12533 | 20021108 | | |
| W: AE, AG, AL, | , AM, AT, AU, AZ, | BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, | CA, CH, CN, | | |
| CO, CR, CU, | CZ, DE, DK, DM, | DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, | GD, GE, GH, | | |
| GM, HR, HU, | ID, IL, IN, IS, | JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, | LC, LK, LR, | | |
| LS, LT, LU, | LV, MA, MD, MG, | MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, | NZ, OM, PH, | | |
| PL, PT, RO, | RU, SD, SE, SG, | SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, | TR, TT, TZ, | | |
| UA, UG, US, | UZ, VN, YU, ZA, | ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, | KZ, MD, RU, | | |
| TJ, TM | | | | | |
| RW: GH, GM, KE, | LS, MW, MZ, SD, | SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, | AT, BE, BG, | | |
| CH, CY, CZ, | DE, DK, EE, ES, | FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, | LU, MC, NL, | | |
| PT, SE, SK, | TR, BF, BJ, CF, | CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, | GW, ML, MR, | | |
| NE, SN, TD, | , TG | | | | |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

DE 2001-10163991 A 20011224

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 139:79178

AB . . . in the treatment of diseases that are influenced by the phosphodiesterase VII regulation of human eosinophil activation and degranulation. Osteoporesis, tumors, cachexia, atherosclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis, diabetes mellitus, AIDS, autoimmune and heart diseases can be treated with the drugs. Thus. IT Cachexia

(cancerous; synthesis of 3H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidine derivs. and use as phosphodiesterase VII inhibitors and in combination with other agents)

IT Tumor necrosis factors

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (effect on virus replication; synthesis of 3H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidine derivs. and use as phosphodiesterase VII inhibitors and in combination with other agents)

IT AIDS (disease)
Addison's disease
Adrenoceptor agonists
Allergy

Antiasthmatics Asbestosis Asthma Asthma Asthma Atherosclerosis Autoimmune disease Bladder, disease Cachexia Cholinergic antagonists Dandruff Diabetes mellitus Digestive tract, disease Drug dependence Emphysema Eosinophil Gout Graves' disease Heart, disease Human Kidney, disease Klebsiella pneumoniae Leukotriene antagonists Leukotriene antagonists Liver, disease Lupus erythematosus Lyme disease Mental disorder Multiple sclerosis Myasthenia gravis Mycoplasma pneumoniae Osteoarthritis Osteoporosis Parkinson's disease Parkinson's disease Pneumoconiosis Prostate gland, disease Psoriasis Rheumatoid arthritis Rheumatoid arthritis Sarcoidosis Sepsis Silicosis Skin, disease Streptococcus pneumoniae Transplant rejection Urticaria Wilson's disease (synthesis of 3H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidine derivs. and use as phosphodiesterase VII inhibitors and in combination with other agents) 50-24-8, Prednisolone 53-03-2, Prednison 57-22-7, Vincristin 58-55-9, Theophyllin, 57-66-9, Probenecid 57-96-5, Sulfinpyrazon 76-25-5, Triamcinolone 59-42-7, Phenylephrine biological studies 113-92-8, 101-40-6, Propylhexedrine 90-82-4 acetonide 317-34-0, Aminophyllin 404-86-4, Capsaicin Chlorpheniramine maleate 522-48-5, Tetrahydrozoline hydrochloride 550-99-2, Naphazoline

586-06-1, Orciprenaline 865-21-4, Vinblastin

hydrochloride

IT

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1397-89-3, Amphotericin B
1218-35-5, Xylometazoline hydrochloride
1404-26-8, Polymyxin B 2315-02-8, Oxymetazoline hydrochloride
          3385-03-3, Flunisolide 3562-84-3, Benzbromaron
                                                                5534-09-8,
3198-07-0
Beclomethasone dipropionate 7440-57-5D, Gold, thio-compds.
                                                                7683-59-2.
Isoprenalin 9004-08-4, Cathepsin 14838-15-4, Phenylpropanolamine
15826-37-6, Sodium cromoglycate 18559-94-9, Albuterol 22254-24-6, Ipratropium bromide 22916-47-8, Miconazole 23031-25-6, Terbutalin
23593-75-1, Clotrimazole
                          27220-47-9, Econazole
                                                    28797-61-7, Pirenzepine
30286-75-0, Oxitropium bromide
                                30392-40-6, Bitolterol
                                                          38677-81-5,
             51333-22-3, Budesonide
                                      58581-89-8, Azelastine
                                                                65277-42-1,
Pirbuterol
Ketoconazole
               68844-77-9, Astemizole 73573-87-2, Formoterol
75706-12-6, Leflunomide 79794-75-5, Loratadine 80474-14-2, Fluticasone propionate 80880-90-6, Telenzepine 83799-24-0, Fexofenadine
83869-56-1, Granulocyte macrophage colony stimulating factor 83881-51-0,
Cetirizine 83919-23-7, Mometasone furoate
                                             84625-61-6, Itraconazole
86386-73-4, Fluconazole 89365-50-4, Salmeterol
                                                    93211-49-5, L-651392
96566-25-5, Ablukast 100643-71-8, Desloratadine
                                                    103177-37-3,
            103475-41-8, Tepoxalin 106096-93-9, Basic fibroblast growth
Pranlukast
         107753-78-6, Zafirlukast 111406-87-2, Zileuton 118414-82-7,
factor
         120128-20-3, RG-12525 120443-16-5, Verlukast 126544-47-6,
MK-886
              128253-31-6, BAY x 1005 128312-51-6, Ro 24-5913
Ciclesonide
136310-93-5, Tiotropium bromide 140841-32-3, ZD-2138 141579-54-6,
                                     147030-01-1, MK-591
Fenleuton 143538-27-6, BAY x 7195
                                                             147398-01-4,
           147432-77-7, Ontazolast 151581-24-7, Iralukast
CGS-25019c
154355-76-7, Abbott-85761 158930-07-5, L-739010 158966-92-8,
Montelukast 162750-10-9, SB-210661 168154-07-2, L-746530
170277-31-3, Infliximab 171964-73-1, ZD-0892 174636-32-9,
Talnetant 185243-69-0, Etanercept 202415-99-4, IPL 576092
204974-93-6, BIIL 284/260
                           257892-34-5, D-4418 350610-64-9, NKP-608C
446023-33-2, UT-77
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
   (synthesis of 3H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidine derivs. and use as
   phosphodiesterase VII inhibitors and in combination with other agents)
174636-32-9, Talnetant
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
   (synthesis of 3H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidine derivs. and use as
   phosphodiesterase VII inhibitors and in combination with other agents)
174636-32-9 HCAPLUS
4-Quinolinecarboxamide, 3-hydroxy-2-phenyl-N-[(1S)-1-phenylpropyl]- (9CI)
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Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

(CA INDEX NAME)

IT

RN

CN

L11 ANSWER 5 OF 7 USPATFULL on STN

The present invention relates to a methods of treating hot flashes and AΒ symptoms of hormonal variation in a patient, which methods include providing a tachykinin receptor antagonist and administering the tachykinin receptor antagonist to a patient experiencing a symptom of hormonal variation under conditions effective to treat the symptom of hormonal variation, which symptoms of hormonal variation can include hot flashes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:335359 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Method of treating symptoms of hormonal variation, including hot flashes, using tachykinin receptor

antagonist

INVENTOR(S):

Guttuso, Thomas J., JR., Rochester, NY, UNITED STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE _____

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2001-879390, filed on 12

PATENT INFORMATION: US 2003236237 A1 20031225 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2003-609176 A1 20030627 (10)

Jun 2001, PENDING

NUMBER DATE _______

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 2000-211116P 20000612 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Nixon Peabody LLP, Clinton Square, P.O. Box 31051,

Rochester, NY, 14603-1051

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

1

LINE COUNT:

562

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

. . . Men may also have hot flashes following androgen-deprivation therapy (from bilateral orchiectomy or treatment with a gonadotrophin-releasing-hormone agonist) for metastatic prostate

. . effective treatment for hot flashes in women, there are women SUMM for whom such therapy is contraindicated, i.e., women with breast cancer or a strong family history of breast cancer, a history of clotting, severe migraine, or who are averse to taking the drug.

. . . hysterectomy, bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy, etc.). In male SUMM patients, the hot flashes typically occur as a side-effect of androgen-dependent therapy for metastatic prostate cancer. They can be either surgically-induced (e.g., bilateral orchiectomy) or drug-induced (e.g., treatment with a gonadotrophin-releasing-hormone agonist, leuprolide acetate, etc.).

COMMAND INTERRUPTED

REENTER FILE 'HCAPLUS, USPATFULL, CAOLD'

AND TRY AGAIN, OR ENTER '?' FOR MORE INFORMATION.

Your command did not complete due to a temporary system problem. To recover, reenter the file you are in now. Then, any command that is normally available to you may be used. No cost summary for the

current file will be displayed. After reentering the current file you may retry your command. Also, you may wish to SAVE your search query. This can be done in any file. If you cannot access your current file, or if your command fails a second time, notify the Help Desk. Enter "HELP STN" for information on contacting the nearest STN Help Desk by telephone or by using the SEND command in STNMAIL file.

=> \

\ IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND

The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system. For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter "HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> d his

THIS COMMAND NOT AVAILABLE IN THE CURRENT FILE Some commands only work in certain files. For example, the EXPAND command can only be used to look at the index in a file which has an index. Enter "HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>) for a list of commands which can be used in this file.

=> d his

THIS COMMAND NOT AVAILABLE IN THE CURRENT FILE Some commands only work in certain files. For example, the EXPAND command can only be used to look at the index in a file which has an index. Enter "HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>) for a list of commands which can be used in this file.

=> file hcaplus, uspatfull

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:23:38 ON 02 AUG 2004
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 17:23:38 ON 02 AUG 2004 CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> s 14 and (teste? or testicular?) and (cancer? or tumour? or tumor? or carcinom? or neoplas?)

1 L4 AND (TESTE? OR TESTICULAR?) AND (CANCER? OR TUMOUR? OR TUMOR? OR CARCINOM? OR NEOPLAS?)

=> d 112 abs ibib kwic 1

SUMM . . . hysterectomy, bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy, etc.). In male patients, the hot flashes typically occur as a side-effect of androgen-dependent therapy for metastatic **prostate**cancer. They can be either surgically-induced (e.g., bilateral orchiectomy) or drug-induced (e.g., treatment with a gonadotrophin-releasing-hormone agonist, leuprolide acetate, etc.).

L12 ANSWER 1 OF 1 USPATFULL on STN

AB Compounds useful as inhibitors of PDE4 in the treatment of diseases regulated by the activation and degranulation of eosinophils, especially asthma, chronic bronchitis, and chronic obstructuive pulmonary disease, of the formula: ##STR1##

wherein j is 0 or 1, provided that when j is 0, n must be 2; k is 0 or 1; m is 1, 2, or 3; n is 1 or 2; W.sup.1 and W.sup.2 are --O--; --S(.dbd.0).sub.t--, where t is 0, 1, or 2, or --N(R.sup.3)--; Y is .dbd.C(R.sup.1.sub.a)--, or --[N(O).sub.k]-- where k is 0 or 1; R.sup.1.sub.a is --H, --F, --Cl, --CN, --NO.sub.2, --(C.sub.1-C.sub.4)alkyl, --(C.sub.2-C.sub.4) alkynyl, fluorinated-(C.sub.1-C.sub.3) alkyl, fluorinated-(C.sub.1-C.sub.3) alkoxy, --OR.sup.16, or --C(.dbd.0)NR.sup.22.sub.aR.sup.22.sub.b; R.sup.A and R.sup.B are --H, --F, --CF.sub.3, --(C.sub.1-C.sub.4) alkyl, --(C.sub.3-C.sub.7) cycloalkyl, phenyl, or benzyl substituted by 0-3 R.sup.10; or R.sup.A and R.sup.B are taken together to form a spiro moiety #\$STR2##

where r and s are 0-4 provided r+s is ≥ 1 but not >5; and X.sup.A is --CH.sub.2--, --CHF, --CF.sub.2, --NR.sup.15--, --O--, or --S(.dbd.0).sub.t--, where t is 0, 1; R.sup.C and R.sup.D are the same as R.sup.A and R.sup.B except that one of them must be --H; R.sup.1 and R.sup.2 are -H, -F, -Cl, -CN, -NO.sub.2, -(C.sub.1-C.sub.4) alkyl, -(C.sub.2-C.sub.4) alkynyl, fluorinated-(C.sub.1-C.sub.3) alkyl, --OR.sup.16), or --C(.dbd.0)NR.sup.22.sub.aR.sup.22.sub.b; R.sup.3 is --H, --(C.sub.1-C.sub.3) alkyl, phenyl, benzyl, or --OR.sup.16; R.sup.4, R.sup.5 and R.sup.6 are (a) --H, --F, --Cl, --(C.sub.2-C.sub.4) alkynyl, --R.sup.16, --OR.sup.16, --S(.dbd.O).sub.pR.sup.16, --C(.dbd.O)R.sup.16, --C(.dbd.O)OR.sup.16, --OC(.dbd.O)R.sup.16, --CN, --NO.sub.2, --C(.dbd.0)NR.sup.16R.sup.17, --OC(.dbd.0)NR.sup.16R.sup.17, --NR.sup.22.sub.aC(.dbd.0)NR.sup.16R.sup.17, --NR.sup.22.sub.aC(.dbd.NR.sup.12)NR.sup.6R.sup.17--NR.sup.22.sub.aC(.dbd.NCN)NR.sup.16R.sup.17, --NR.sup.22.sub.aC(.dbd.N--NO.sub.2)NR.sup.16R.sup.17, --C(.dbd.NR.sup.22.sub.a)NR.sup.16R.sup.17, --CH.sub.2C(.dbd.NR.sup.22.sub.a)NR.sup.16R.sup.17, --

OC(.dbd.NR.sup.22.sub.a)NR.sup.16R.sup.17, --OC(.dbd.N--NO.sub.2)NR.sup.16R.sup.17, --NR.sup.16R.sup.17, --CH.sub.2NR.sup.16R.sup.17, --NR.sup.22.sub.aC(.dbd.0)R", --NR.sup.22.sub.aC(.dbd.O)OR.sup.16, .dbd.NOR.sup.16, --NR.sup.22.sub.aS(.dbd.O).sub.pR.sup.17, --S(.dbd.O).sub.pNR.sup.16R.sup.17; or --CH.sub.2C(.dbd.NR.sup.22.sub.a)NR .sup.16R.sup.17; where p is 0, 1, or 2; (b) --(C.sub.1-C.sub.4) alkyl or -- (C.sub.1-C.sub.4) alkoxy substituted by 0-3 of --F or --Cl; or 0 or 1 of (C.sub.1-C.sub.2) alkoxycarbonyl-, (C.sub.1-C.sub.2)alkylcarbonyl-, or (C.sub.1-C.sub.2) alkylcarbonyloxy-; or (c) phenyl, benzyl, furanyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, oxetanyl, thienyl, tetrahydrothienyl, pyrrolyl, pyrrolidinyl, oxazolyl, oxazolidinyl, isoxazolyl, isoxazolidinyl, thiazolyl, thiazolidinyl, isothiazolyl, isothiazolidinyl, pyrazolyl, pyrazolidinyl, oxadiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, imidazolyl, imidazolidinyl, pyridinyl, pyrazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyridazinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, triazolyl, triazinyl, tetrazolyl, pyranyl, azetidinyl, morpholinyl, parathiazinyl, indolyl, indolinyl, benzo[b]furanyl, 2,3-dihydrobenzofuranyl, 2-H-chromenyl, chromanyl, benzothienyl, 1-H-indazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, phthalazinyl, quinazolinyl, quinoxalinyl, or purinyl, all substituted by 0-2 of R.sup.14, or (d) R.sup.5 and R.sup.6 are taken together to form a moiety of partial Formulas (1.3.1) through (1.3.15); D is a group of partial Formulas (1.1.1) through (1.1.9): ##STR3##

where q is 1-3, provided where q is 2 or 3, R.sup.9 is --H; v is 0-1; W.sup.3 is --O--, --N(R.sup.9)--, or --OC(.dbd.0).dbd.; R.sup.7 is (a) --H; (b) -- (C.sub.1-C.sub.6) alkyl, -- (C.sub.2-C.sub.6) alkenyl, or -- (C.sub.2-C.sub.6) alkynyl, all substituted by 0-3 of R.sup.10; (c) -- (CH.sub.2).sub.u-- (C.sub.3-C.sub.7) cycloalkyl where u is 0-2, substituted by 0-3 of R.sup.10; or (d) phenyl or benzyl substituted by 0-3 of R.sup.10; R.sup.8 is (a) tetrazol-5-yl, 1,2,4-triazol-3-yl, 1,2,4-triazol-3-on-5-yl, 1,2,3-triazol-5-yl, imidazol-2-yl, imidazol-4-yl, imidazolidin-2-on-4-yl, 1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl, 1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-on-3-yl, 1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl, 1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-on-5yl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-on-5-yl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, pyrrolyl, pyrazolyl, succinimidyl, glutarimidyl, pyrrolidonyl, 2-piperidonyl, 2-pyridonyl, 4-pyridonyl, pyridazin-3-onyl, thiadiazolyl, parathiazinyl; (b) indolyl, indolinyl, isoindolinyl, benzo[b]furanyl, 2,3-dihydrobenzofuranyl, 2-H-chromenyl, chromanyl, benzothienyl, 1H-indazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzotriazolyl, benzotriazinyl, quinazolinyl, quinoxalinyl, pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidinyl, pyrimido[4,5-d]pyrimidinyl, imidazo[1,2-a]pyridinyl, pyridopyridinyl, pteridinyl, or purinyl, all optionally substituted on a carbon atom by R.sup.14, on a nitrogen atom by R.sup.15 and all tautomer forms thereof, or on a sulfur atom by 0-2oxygen atoms; R.sup.9 is --H, --(C.sub.1-C.sub.4) alkyl, -- (C.sub.3-C.sub.7) cycloalkyl, phenyl, benzyl, -- C(.dbd.0)OR.sup.16, --C(.dbd.0)R.sup.16, --OR.sup.16, --(C.sub.1-C.sub.2) alkyl-OR.sup.16, or -- (C.sub.1-C.sub.2) alkyl-C(.dbd.0)OR.sup.16; or (c) --O--P(.dbd.O)(OH).sub.2 (phosphoric), --PH(.dbd.O)OH (phosphinic), --P(.dbd.0)(OH).sub.2 (phosphonic), --[P(.dbd.0)(OH)--O(C.sub.1-C.sub.4) alkyl] (alkylphosphono), --P(.dbd.O) (OH) --O(C.sub.1-C.sub.4) alkyl) (alkylphosphinyl), --P(.dbd.O)(OH)NH.sub.2 (phosphoramido), --P(.dbd.0)(OH)NH(C.sub.1-C.sub.4) alkyl and --P(.dbd.0)(OH)NHR.sup.25, (substituted phosphoramido), --O--S(.dbd.O).sub.20H (sulfuric), --S(.dbd.0).sub.20H (sulfonic), --S(.dbd.0).sub.2NHR.sup.26 or

--NHS(.dbd.O).sub.2R.sup.26 (sulfonamido) where R.sup.26 is --CH.sub.3, --CF.sub.3, or o-toluyl, and acylsulfonamido selected from the group consisting of --C(.dbd.0)NHS(.dbd.0).sub.2R.sup.25, --C(.dbd.O)NHS(.dbd.O).sub.2NH.sub.2, --C(.dbd.O)NHS(.dbd.O).sub.2(C.sub.1-C.sub.4) alkyl, --C(.dbd.0)NHS(.dbd.0).sub.2NH(C.sub.1-C.sub.4) alkyl, --C(.dbd.0) NHS(.dbd.0).sub.2N[(C.sub.1-C.sub.4) alkyl].sub.2, --S(.dbd.O).sub.2NHC(.dbd.O)(C.sub.1-C.sub.4) alkyl, --S(.dbd.O).sub.2NHC(.dbd.O)NH.sub.2, --S(.dbd.O).sub.2NHC(.dbd.O)NH(C.s ub.1-C.sub.4) alkyl, --S(.dbd.0).sub.2NHC(.dbd.0)N[(C.sub.1-C.sub.4) alkyl].sub.2, --S(.dbd.0).sub.2NHC(.dbd.0)R.sup.25, --S(.dbd.O).sub.2NHCN, --S(.dbd.O).sub.2NHC(.dbd.S)NH.sub.2, --S(.dbd.O).sub.2NHC(.dbd.S)NH(C.sub.1-C.sub.4) alkyl, --S(.dbd.O).sub.2NHC(.dbd.S)N[(C.sub.1-C.sub.4) alkyl].sub.2, or --S(.dbd.0).sub.2NHS(.dbd.0).sub.2R.sup.25, where R.sup.25 is --H, --(C.sub.1-C.sub.4) alkyl, phenyl, or --OR.sup.16; .sup.1 and .sup.2 are a moiety comprising a saturated or unsaturated carbon ring system that is 3- to 7-membered monocyclic, or that is 7- to 12-membered, fused or discontinuous, polycyclic; wherein optionally one carbon atom of said carbon ring system may be replaced by a heteroatom selected from N, O, and S; and where N is selected, optionally a second carbon atom thereof may be replaced by a heteroatom selected from N, O, and S; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:38198 USPATFULL

TITLE:

INVENTOR(S):

Ether derivatives useful as inhibitors of PDE4 isozymes

Marfat, Anthony, Mystic, CT, UNITED STATES

Chambers, Robert J., Mystic, CT, UNITED STATES Magee, Thomas V., Mystic, CT, UNITED STATES

20010131 (60)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Pfizer Inc. (U.S. corporation)

| | NUMBER | KIND | DATE | |
|----|------------|------|-------------|------|
| | | | | |
| US | 2003027845 | A1 | 20030206 | |
| US | 2002-66503 | A1 | 20020131 | (10) |

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

> NUMBER DATE ______

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2001-265304P

Utility

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

PFIZER INC, 150 EAST 42ND STREET, 5TH FLOOR - STOP 49, LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

NEW YORK, NY, 10017-5612

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 30 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1 LINE COUNT: 8073

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

. . . and selecting inhibitors for further study. These effects SUMM

include elevation of cAMP and inhibition of superoxide production, degranulation, chemotaxis, and tumor necrosis factor alpha $(\mathtt{TNF}\alpha)$ release in eosinophils, neutrophils and monocytes. PDE4 inhibitors may induce emesis, i.e., nausea and vomiting, which,.

. . . pteridine class of compounds has been demonstrated to have an SUMM IC.sub.50 value of 16 nM against a PDE4 derived from tumor cells and to inhibit the growth of tumor cells at micromolar

concentrations; Merz et al., "Synthesis of 7-Benzylamino-6-chloro-2piperazino-4-pyrrolidinopteridine and novel derivatives free of

positional isomers. Potent inhibitors of cAMP-specific phosphodiesterase and of malignant **tumor** cell growth," J. Med. Chem. 41(24) 4733-4743, 1998. The pteridine PDE4 inhibitor may be represented by Formula (0.0.55): ##STR36##

SUMM . . . of renal failure; acute renal failure; cachexia; malarial cachexia; hypophysial cachexia; uremic cachexia; cardiac cachexia; cachexia suprarenalis or Addison's disease; cancerous cachexia; and cachexia as a consequence of infection by the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV);

SUMM . . . tryptase inhibitors; (u) platelet activating factor (PAF) antagonists; (v) monoclonal antibodies active against endogenous inflammatory entities; (w) IPL 576; (x) anti-tumor necrosis factor (TNFα) agents including Etanercept, Infliximab, and D2E7; (y) DMARDs including Leflunomide; (z) TCR peptides; (aa) interleukin converting enzyme. . .

SUMM . . . inhibitors on various inflammatory cell responses, which in addition to cAMP elevation, include inhibition of superoxide production, degranulation, chemotaxis and **tumor** necrosis factor (TNF) release in eosinophils, neutrophils and monocytes.

SUMM . . . skeletal muscle, prostate, and peripheral blood leukocyte (PBL) tissues. It is only weakly expressed in heart, placenta, liver, pancreas, spleen, testes, and ovary tissues. PDE4A and PDE4B are also strongly expressed in brain and skeletal muscle tissues, and only weakly expressed. . .

SUMM . . . induced by granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF) in adherent neutrophils," Clin. Exp. Immunol. 101 502-506, 1995; and Ottonello et al., "Tumor necrosis factor alpha-induced oxidative burst in neutrophils adherent to fibronectin: effects of cyclic AMP-elevating agents," Br. J. Haematol. 91 566-570,.

SUMM . . . fact that monoclonal antibodies (Mabs) to TNF- α have shown promise in R.sup.A clinical trials; Maini el al, "Beneficial effects of **tumor** necrosis factor-alpha (TNF- α blockade in rheumatoid arthritis (RA)," Clin. Exp. Immunol. 101 207-212, 1995.

SUMM . . . inhibition of rat paw edema, induced by carageenan, by oral administration of rolipram; Singh el al, "Synovial fluid levels of tumor necrosis factor a in the inflamed rat knee: Modulation by dexamethasone and inhibitors of matrix metalloproteinases and phosphodiesterases," Inflamm. Res.. . .

SUMM . . . eight days to twenty patients in a clinical trial has been found to effectively inhibit all of the inflammatory parameters tested, showing both qualitative and quantitative improvements with no adverse effects. See Hanifin et al., "Type 4 phosphodiesterase inhibitors have clinical. . .

SUMM . . . been shown to provide a protective effect. See Selmaj et al., "Prevention of chronic relapsing experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis by soluble tumor necrosis factor," J. Neuroimmunol. 56 135-141, 1995. A direct correlation between the level of TNF-α mRNA and progression of EAE. . . a protective effect. See Probert et al., "Spontaneous inflammatory demyelinating disease in transgenic mice showing central nervous system-specific expression of tumor necrosis factor alpha," Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 92 11294-11298, 1995; and Liu et al., "TNF is a potent anti-inflammatory.

SUMM . . . mediators, both in vitro and in vivo. The selective PDE4 inhibitor arofylline has been shown to provide beneficial effects when tested in models of colitis in the rat. Further, in a dextran

sulfate induced colitis model in the rat, rolipram and. . .

SUMM [0497] Cachexia may also be the result of disease states of various types. Cancerous cachexia comprises the weak, emaciated condition seen in cases of malignant tumor. Cachexia can also be a consequence of infection by the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), and comprises the symptoms commonly referred. . .

SUMM . . . of renal failure; acute renal failure; cachexia; malarial cachexia; hypophysial cachexia; uremic cachexia; cardiac cachexia; cachexia suprarenalis or Addison's disease; cancerous cachexia; and cachexia as a consequence of infection by the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV);

SUMM [0613] (v) Anti-tumor necrosis factor (TNFα) agents including Etanercept, Infliximab, and D2E7;

SUMM . . . wound healing agents such as peptide derivatives, yeast, panthenol, hexylresorcinol, phenol, tetracycline hydrochloride, lamin and kinetin; retinoids for treating skin cancer, e.g., retinol, tretinoin, isotretinoin, etretinate, acitretin, and arotinoid; mild antibacterial agents for treating skin infections, e.g., resorcinol, salicylic acid, benzoyl. . .

CLM What is claimed is:

- . . . of renal failure; acute renal failure; cachexia; malarial cachexia; hypophysial cachexia; uremic cachexia; cardiac cachexia; cachexia suprarenalis or Addison's disease; cancerous cachexia; and cachexia as a consequence of infection by the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV); liver injury; pulmonary hypertension; and hypoxia-induced. . .
- . . Tryptase inhibitors; (v) Platelet activating factor (PAF) antagonists; (w) Monoclonal antibodies active against endogenous inflammatory entities; (x) IPL 576; (y) Anti-tumor necrosis factor (TNFα) agents selected from the group consisting of etanercept, infliximab, and D2E7; (z) DMARDs selected from the group.
- IT 50-24-8, Prednisolone 53-03-2, Prednisone 57-22-7, Vincristine 57-66-9, Probenecid 57-96-5, Sulfinpyrazone 58-55-9, Theophylline, biological studies 59-05-2, Methotrexate 59-42-7, Phenylephrine 64-86-8, Colchicine 76-25-5, Triamcinolone acetonide 90-82-4, Pseudoephedrine 101-40-6, Propylhexedrine 113-92-8, Chlorpheniramine 128-39-2D, 2,6-Di-tert-butylphenol, hydrazone derivs. 315-30-0, Allopurinol 317-34-0, Aminophylline 404-86-4, Capsaicin 446-86-6, Azathioprine 522-48-5, Tetrahydrozoline hydrochloride 550-99-2, Naphazoline hydrochloride 586-06-1, Metaproterenol 865-21-4, Vinblastine 1218-35-5, Xylometazoline hydrochloride 2315-02-8, Oxymetazoline hydrochloride 3198-07-0 3385-03-3, Flunisolide 3562-84-3, Benzbromarone 5534-09-8, Beclomethasone dipropionate 6339-87-3D, Thiophene-2-sulfonamide, derivs. 7440-57-5D, Gold, aurothio 7683-59-2, Isoproterenol 9004-08-4D, Cathepsin, derivs. 14838-15-4, Phenylpropanolamine 15826-37-6, Sodium cromoglycate 18559-94-9, Albuterol 22254-24-6, Ipratropium bromide 23031-25-6, 28797-61-7, Pirenzepine 30286-75-0, Oxitropium bromide Terbutaline 30392-40-6, Bitolterol 38677-81-5, Pirbuterol 51333-22-3, Budesonide 58581-89-8, Azelastine 59865-13-3, Cyclosporine 68844-77-9, Astemizole 73573-87-2, Formoterol 75706-12-6, Leflunomide 79794-75-5, Loratadine 80474-14-2, Fluticasone propionate 80880-90-6, Telenzepine 83799-24-0, Fexofenadine 83869-56-1, Granulocytemacrophage colony-stimulating factor 83881-51-0, Cetirizine 83919-23-7, Mometasone furoate 89365-50-4, Salmeterol 93211-49-5, L-651392 96566-25-5, Ablukast 100643-71-8, Desloratadine

103177-37-3, Pranlukast 103475-41-8, Tepoxalin 106096-93-9, Basic fibroblast growth factor 107753-78-6, Zafirlukast 111406-87-2, Zileuton 118414-82-7, MK-886 120128-20-3, RG-12525 120443-16-5, 126544-47-6, Ciclesonide 128253-31-6, BAY x 1005 Verlukast 128312-51-6 136310-93-5, Tiotropium bromide 140841-32-3 141579-54-6, Fenleuton 141579-87-5 143538-27-6, BAY x 7195 147030-01-1, MK-591 147398-01-4, CGS-25019c 147432-77-7, Ontazolast 151581-24-7, Iralukast 154355-76-7, ABT-761 158930-07-5, L-739010 158966-92-8, Montelukast 162011-90-7, Rofecoxib 162750-10-9, SB-210661 168154-07-2, L-746530 170277-31-3, Infliximab 171964-73-1, ZD-0892 **174636-32-9**, Talnetant 185243-69-0, Etanercept 202415-99-4 204974-93-6, BIIL 260 257892-34-5, D 4418 331731-18-1, D 2E7 346735-24-8, BIIL 284 350610-64-9, NKP-608C 446023-33-2, UT 77 (combination therapy with PDE4 inhibitors; preparation of carbamoyl-substituted pyridinyl aryl ether derivs. as inhibitors of PDE4 isoenzymes)

=> file stnguide

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L14 ANSWER 1 OF 1 USPATFULL on STN

The present invention relates to a method of treating depression or AB anxiety in a mammal, including a human, by administering to the mammal a CNS-penetrant NK-1 receptor antagonist (e.g., a substance P receptor antagonist) in combination with an NK-3 antagonist agent. It also relates to pharmaceutical compositions containing a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, a CNS-penetrant NK-1 receptor antagonist and an NK-3 antagonist.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:7895 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Combination treatment for depression and anxiety

INVENTOR(S):

Sobolov-Jaynes, Susan B., Ivoryton, CT, UNITED STATES

Lowe, John A., III, Stonington, CT, UNITED STATES

McLean, Stafford, Stonington, CT, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Pfizer Inc. (U.S. corporation)

| | | NUMBER | KIND | DATE | |
|---------------------|------|-------------|------|-------------|------|
| | | | | | |
| PATENT INFORMATION: | US 2 | 2004006135 | A1 | 20040108 | |
| APPLICATION INFO.: | US 2 | 2003-386582 | A1 | 20030312 | (10) |

NUMBER DATE _____

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 2002-389975P 20020619 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

PFIZER INC, 150 EAST 42ND STREET, 5TH FLOOR - STOP 49,

NEW YORK, NY, 10017-5612

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

LINE COUNT:

6820

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

. . . the use of tricyclic antidepressants, monoamine oxidase inhibitors, some psychotropic drugs, lithium carbonate, and electroconvulsive therapy (ECT) (see R. J. Baldessarini in Goodman & Gilman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, 9th Edition, Chapter 19, McGraw-Hill, 1996 for a review). More recently,. .

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SUMM
       . . . partial agonists also have useful anxiolytic and other
       psychotropic activity, and less likelihood of sedation and dependence
       (see R. J. Baldessarini in Goodman & Gilman's Tite
       Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, 9th Edition, Chapter 18,
       McGraw-Hill, 1996 for a review).
IT
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                                   177360-27-9
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                                   180057-77-6
                                                  180057-78-7
                                                                180057-79-8
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                                                  180057-86-7
                                                                180057-87-8
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                                   185108-13-8
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                                                                187679-29-4
      185109-61-9
                     185110-06-9
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                                                  188786-58-5
                                                                188786-62-1
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      204058-73-1
                                   204059-34-7
                                                  204059-35-8 204519-66-4
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      207405-30-9
                    207405-31-0
        (NK1 and NK3 antagonist combination treatment for depression and
        anxiety)
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